Best Management Practice

Spills and emergency management

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If you have any questions contact Auckland Council

1. WHEN SHOULD I USE THIS SHEET?

This applies to all sites where environmentally hazardous substances such as fuels, oil and drilling fluid, are used, regardless of site size or duration of works.

2. WHAT'S THE AIM?

Stormwater systems must only drain rain.

To be prepared for the occurrence of spills or emergency situations - making sure that personnel know how to respond to, prevent or reduce pollutants or contaminates entering the receiving environment (stormwater drains, streams or the sea).

3. WHAT'S THE PROBLEM?

Spills or emergency situations can happen anywhere at any time. On construction sites many different environmentally hazardous substances are used and stored that pose an environmental risk.

One of the most common environmentally hazardous substances are hydrocarbons, which are found in petrol, diesel and oil. Most hydrocarbon spills on construction sites occur during refuelling of equipment, burst hydraulic hoses and through poor storage of fuel containers.

Hydrocarbons can burn and poison aquatic plants and animals and can form a film on the surface of water, which stops oxygen getting from the air into the water making it difficult for aquatic animals to breathe and plants to grow. Fuels and oils also contain contaminants which can cause long term health effects in people and animals (e.g. cancers).

Other common environmentally hazardous substances, such as drilling waste and slurry, contain polymer extenders, copper drill lubricants and sediment, all of which are toxic to aquatic animals and plants.

4. SITE MANAGEMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.

FORWARD PLANNING - BEFORE YOU START WORKS.

- Identify potential environmental risks and define how environmental risks can be mitigated or reduced through site practices or environmental controls.
- Remember your activities will need to be in accordance with all legal requirements such as resource consents, conditions and permitted activity rules.
- Check where stormwater drains are and decide where any spills would likely go.
- Should refuelling need to occur on site, identify and communicate a designated refuelling area away from stormwater drains and surface water.
- Minimise the amount of hazardous substances held on site and ensure they have secondary containment as a backup.
- On larger sites and for large machinery which take a lot of petrol or diesel, refuel at the depot or use a designated refuelling area that is bunded and lined with impermeable material (e.g. plastic sheeting). Use drip-trays where appropriate.
- Make sure all storage containers are clearly labelled, fit for their purpose, free of leaks and stored in a safe, secure area where if a spill were to happen, it would not reach stormwater drains, streams or the sea.
- Have a site specific spill response plan with equipment handy keep a fully stocked spill kit on site.
- Make sure all staff are well trained in spill response and emergency management procedures.
- Identify a person who will be responsible for ensuring environmental practices and controls are followed / implemented prior to starting works.



ENVIRONMENTAL PRACTICES AND CONTROLS.

 Reduce your risk by blocking off nearby stormwater drains with drain plugs, sandbags or bunding when using environmentally hazardous substances.

If a spill or emergency situation was to occur

Be safe

- · What has been spilt? How much?
- · Do you need safety gear?

Stop the source (if safe to do so)

• Turn off, plug the leak or right the container.

Protect stormwater

- Confine the spill with sandbags, booms or other suitable material.
- Block off stormwater grates.

Notify

 Inform site foreman, and if required for large spills Auckland Council 24 HOUR POLLUTION HOTLINE on (09) 377 3107.

Clean up

- Neutralise hazardous substances.
- · Pump or sweep into safe container.
- Clean up residuals without allowing wash or sweepings into stormwater.
- Ask for advice if required.

Dispose responsibly

 Use a responsible water disposal contractor to remove contaminated material.

Restock and review

- Restock spill kit and review to prevent recurrence.
- Ensure at regular intervals that staff are trained in spill response and reminded of the site specific spill response plan.
- · Review incident.

Monitoring and maintenance

- The site foreman shall ensure that any incident which causes a spill / emergency is reported to the appropriate company representative, who will escalate as appropriate.
- For large spills contact the Auckland Council 24 HOUR POLLUTION HOTLINE on (09) 377 3107.
- The site foreman shall ensure that regular inspections are conducted to identify and rectify any potential environmental hazards.

5. TIPS FOR REFUELING.

- Refuel in designated refuelling areas using drip trays or an absorbent mat to catch any spilled fuel.
- No machinery or vehicles to be left unattended while refuelling.
- Ensure that storage areas have bunding areas which are sized based on 110% of the largest container stored inside the bunded area.
- Store the least amount of fuel on site as possible and store it in a secure location.



6. USEFUL LINKS AND INFORMATION.

- Go to www.aucklandcouncil.govt.nz and search for 'pollution', here you will find a range of helpful information and links to the range of pollution related resources and educational materials.
- · Refer to the following Utility BMPs
 - Dewatering;
 - Trenching;
 - Potentially Contaminated Sites; and
 - Catchpit Protection.

If a discharge occurs that has the potential to, or has entered the stormwater system or natural receiving environments, contact the Auckland Council 24 HOUR POLLUTION HOTLINE on (09) 377 3107 immediately.





Product Recommendations

Spill & Emergency Management



Ultra Absorbent Tarp

- 3 layer tarp captures and absorbs up to 11L of oil, fuel or other hydrocarbons.
- Ideal for placing under leaking machinery or machinery that is being refuelled.

CODE: U8305 — Absorbent Tarp 1.5m x 1.5m



- Use Ultra-Filter Pads on construction sites and other areas where spill containment is needed but shelters or structures are not available.
- Polyethylene and PVC construction is lightweight but durable folds for quick and easy storage or transport.
- Replaceable Ultra-X-Tex liners quickly capture oil, grease and fuel leaks and spills.
- Rain water is able to pass through while filtering out any hydrocarbons.
- 5cm foam sidewalls provide structure and help contain stormwater during periods of quick or large amounts of rainfall ensures Ultra-X-Tex has ample filtering time.
- Dimensions: 1,524mm x 1,129mm x 76mm, 5Kg
- Absorption: Each liner can absorb up to 2.1L

CODE:: U6542 — Ultra-Filter Pad



Ultra Containment Berm - Staked Wall

- Stake Wall Model Containment Berms feature a unique design which allows the sidewalls to collapse in either direction and spring back automatically to their upright position!
- Roll drums over the sidewalls, drive trucks through them, and the sidewalls always return to vertical without assistance.
- No set-up required unfold and the sidewalls automatically spring into their vertical position.
- Dimensions: 1.2m x 1.8m x 30cm
- 678L of containment.

CODE:: U8208 — Ultra Containment Berm - Staked Wall (other sizes available)



SpillTech Wheelie Bin Spill Kit

- Emergency spill kits for site offices.
- Absorbs oil, fuel and other hydrocarbon spills.
- Wheelie bin is clearly visible and contains all required absorbents and PPE.

CODES: SKO120 — SpillTech 120L Oil Spill Kit SKO240 — SpillTech 240L Oil Spill Kit



SpillTech Oil Absorbent Pads

- Polypropylene pads specially treated to repel water but absorb hydrocarbons.
- Thermally bonded with dimpled surface to allow fast wicking and easy clean up.

CODES: ASOPAD — SpillTech Oil Absorbent Pad 400GSM (100/CTN)

ASOPADHALF — SpillTech Oil Absorbent Pad 200GSM (200/CTN)



